

# CONNECTIONS 2020

APPLYING AND REPRESENTING  
A.I. / MACHINE LEARNING IN  
WARGAMING

**AUG. 10-14<sup>TH</sup>**

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An OSD A&S Cyber Initiative

# Cyber *AWARE* – Improving the Efficiency, Effectiveness and Dynamics of Cyber War Games

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# Cyber AWARE Introduction

- Cyber AWARE (Cyber Assessment Wargame Attack/Response Environment) is a wargame management and cyber situational awareness software suite for multi-player cyber wargames.
- Improves game realism by enabling visualization of player actions and effects
- Enables defenders to inject responses
- Allows the adversary team to dynamically create and inject new attacks during the game
- Tailored views give each stakeholder information needed to keep the game in sync and focused on the game objectives

# A Sample War Game Scenario

- Game backdrop:
  - The governor of Texas is running for President
  - One of his accomplishments was to promote a system Texas created for families to find each other in a disaster to the federal level
- Red Team:
  - A nation-state adversary does not want the governor elected and is working to undermine him
  - With a hurricane bearing down on Texas, they work to hinder the emergency response of the Texas Emergency Management Agency – EMA
    - Launch a botnet to shut down the “Loved Ones Safe and Well” Website at Emergency Management Agency HQ at the national level
    - Initiate phishing attacks to gain command and control of the Texas office network
    - Use system vulnerabilities to degrade local response in Texas
- Blue Teams:
  - Tactical Blue Team: Texas office network operators and defenders
  - Strategic Blue Team: HQ officials
  - Blue DCO-RA Team: National-level response team

The war game is focused on the procedures between tactical and strategic players and policy questions surrounding the employment of a response team against the adversary



# Five Independent Cells – Each Has an Appropriate Coordinated View

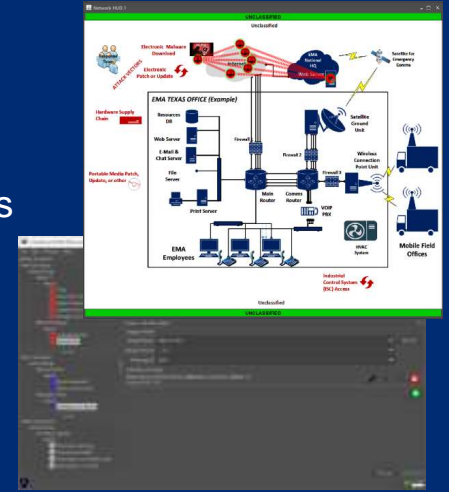
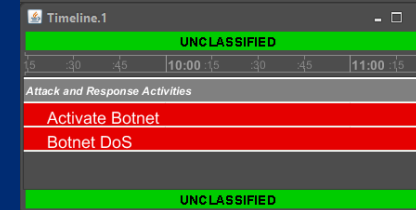
## White Cell

- Coordination
- Adjudication



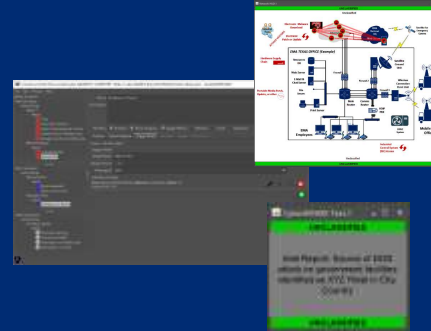
## Red Cell

- Attack Plans
- Failure Injection
- Counter Blue Responses



## DCO-RA

- Red/Gray/Blue space
- Intel reports



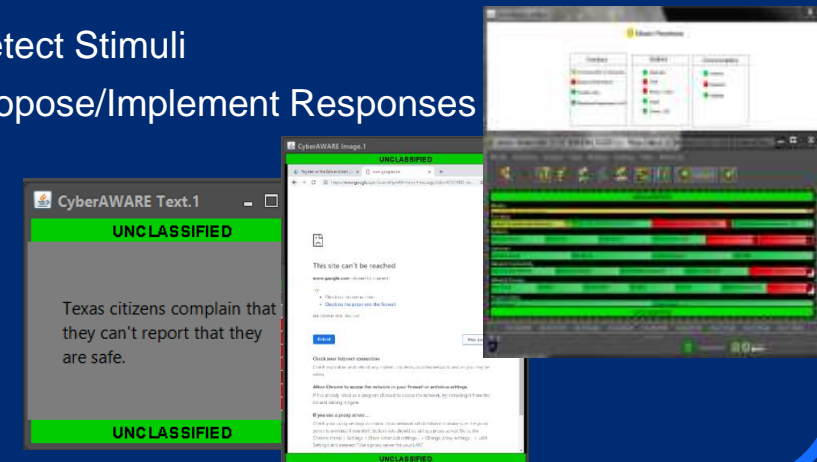
## Strategic Blue

- Long View Decisions
- National Assets



## Tactical Blue

- Detect Stimuli
- Propose/Implement Responses



# War Gaming Pre-Cyber AWARE

## Planning

- Scenario development
- Identification of experts
- Vulnerability workshop
- Attack determination
- Preparation of slides for each cell for each move

## Execution

- Introduce the scenario
- Move 1: DOS on national family connection database
- Move 2: Texas office disruption via phishing attack and disruption of local communications

### Limitations

Scenarios are planned and played as separate moves.  
Move 1 results have no impact on starting point for move 2.

# New Approach With Cyber AWARE

## Planning

- Scenario development
- Identification of experts
- **Mission dependency analysis**
- Vulnerability workshop
- Attack determination
- **Preparation of planned scenarios in Cyber AWARE**

- Establish an agreed upon model of how the mission and its supporting systems function in advance
- Road-show the model to vet it with experts who can't attend a days-long war game

## Execution

- **Brief the mission dependency model**
- Introduce the scenario
- **Maintain synchronized views across cells for shared situational awareness**
- Move 1: DoS on national family connection database
- Move 2: Texas office disruption via phishing attack and disruption of local communications

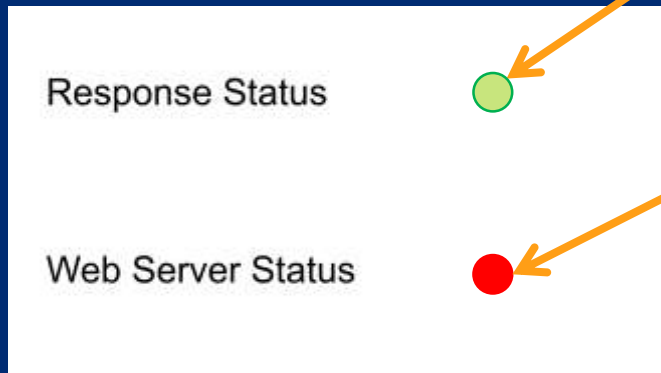
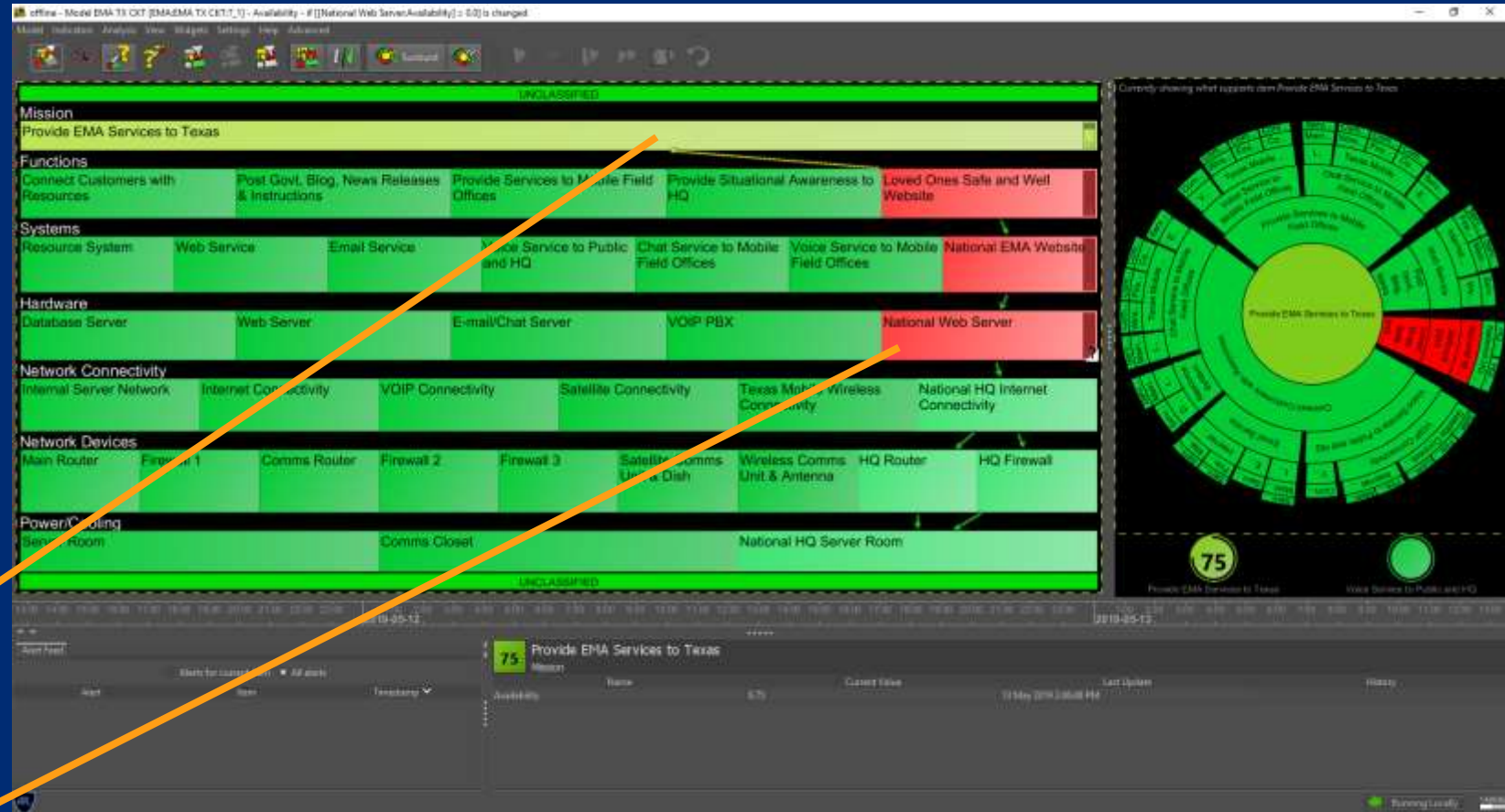
- Brief the participants on the model
- Illustrate how the model results will be communicated in each cell

## Observation

Strategic blue cell determines applicability of response team in this scenario.  
Blue response to move 1 leads to unexpected modification of move 2.  
The mission models provide a better sense of impact at tactical and strategic levels.

# Components of Cyber AWARE

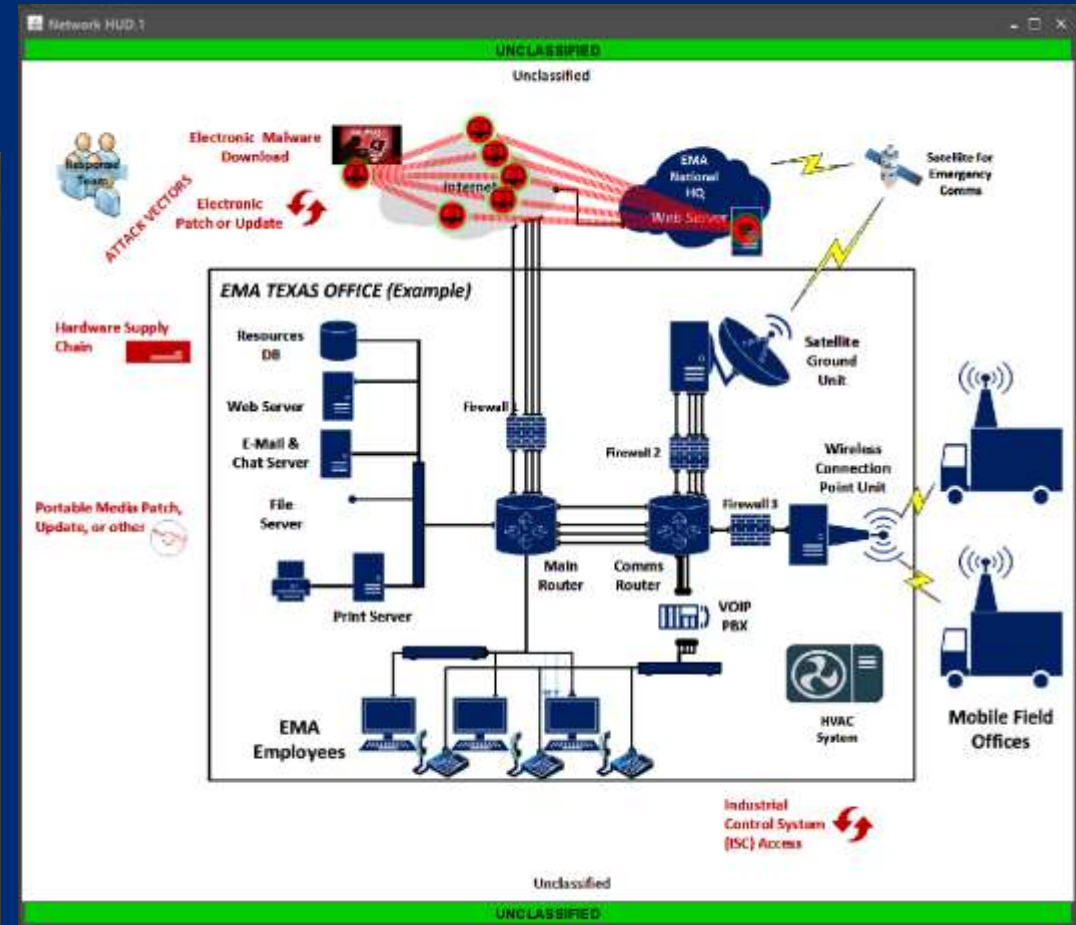
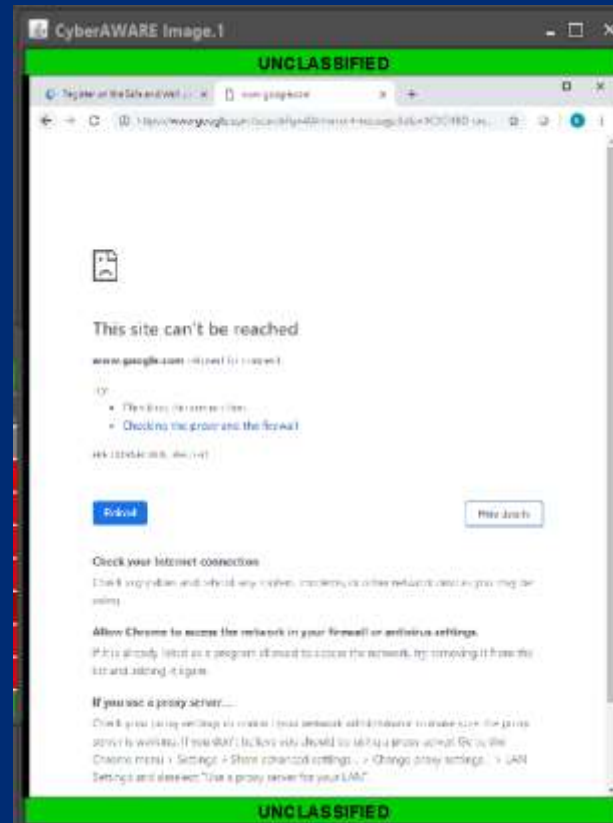
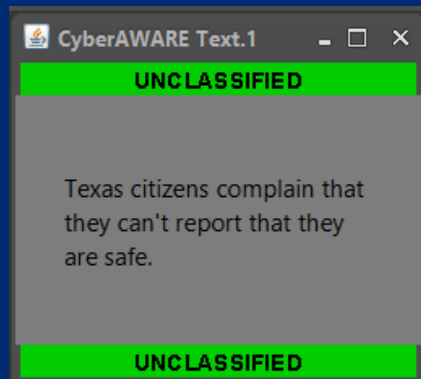
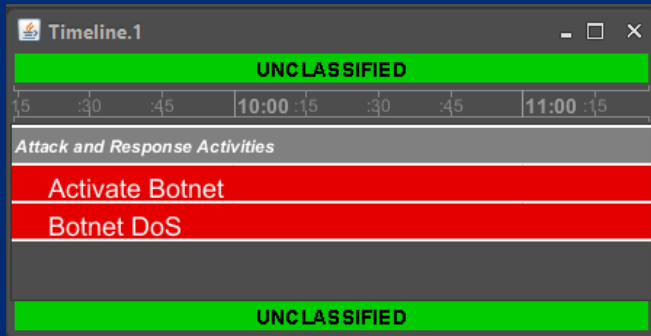
- Dagger – Mission dependency modeling capability
  - Used to provide a vetted model of how the system works
  - Embedded formulas dictate how each item's status is calculated
  - Scenario injects show impact to mission
  - Provides calculated mission status information to a variety of displays





# Components of Cyber AWARE

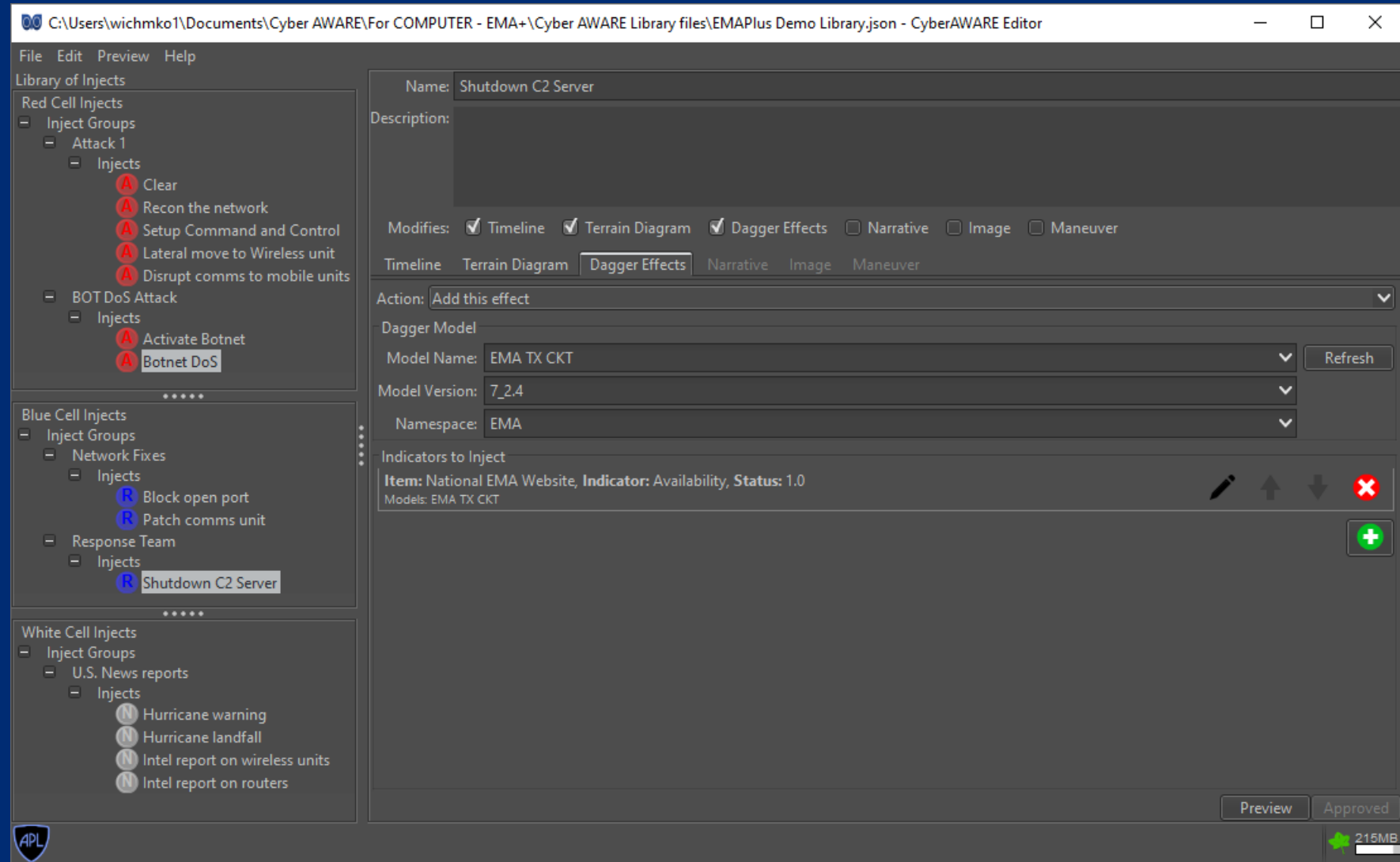
- Treehouse – Shared Situational Awareness Displays
  - Timelines
  - Node-Link Graphs
  - Images
  - Text Messages



# Components of Cyber AWARE

- Cyber AWARE Editor

- Rapidly defines an inject
- Defines artifacts for one or more views
  - Timeline, Terrain Diagram, Dagger, Narrative, Image and Maneuver Diagram
- Supports an approval process



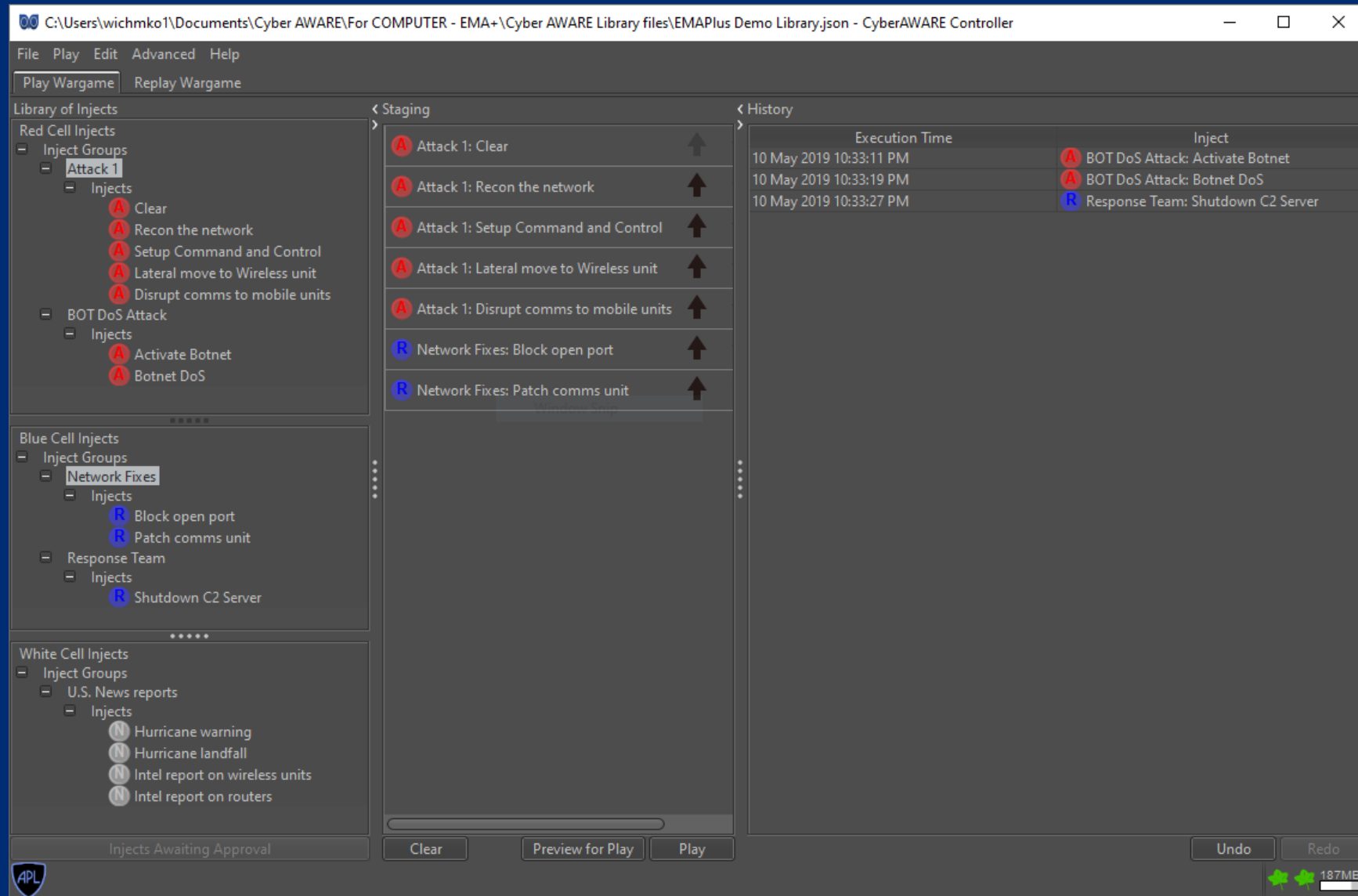
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- Cyber AWARE Controller

- Enables white cell to preview and play planned injects in any order
- One or more injects can be scheduled and played as a sequence
- Can call up the editor to create new injects



# Cyber AWARE Advances

- All cells are kept in sync with white cell regarding presented materials
- The mission dependency models provide bounds
- Unanticipated blue cell responses can be injected quickly
- Red cell can inject new attacks or rule out next steps based on blue cell choices
- A record of injects played is automatically maintained



# Cyber AWARE New and Upcoming Features

- Wartime clock
- Multiple editors so red, blue, DCO-RA injects can be prepped simultaneously
- Finer grained injects based on any Dagger indicator
- Improved human factors
- Improved visualization of chosen actions

# Conclusion

- The DoD has been integrating cyber into its TTXs, War Games and Exercises this decade
  - TTXs useful for surfacing considerations, but tend to be static, pre-scripted discussions influenced by the subject matter experts in a single room
  - Large scale exercises can provide rich detail and context, but can be challenging to coordinate the details to genuinely tie network components and packets to operational impact
- OSD A&S Cyber is using war games to focus on the cyber resilience of warfighting systems
  - Multiple cells emulate the separations that exist in the real world
  - The impact of decisions can be determined in a safe environment
- Mission dependency models (via Dagger) are used to enable going beyond system effects to get a Cyber Risk to Mission
- Cyber AWARE enables a synchronized view of effects across multiple cells and the dynamic creation of new injects and responses guided by the bounds of the mission dependency model

*Cyber AWARE enhances the quality of player interaction with the scenario and with other players; facilitates telling the Cyber Risk to Mission narrative of the game after the event*



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